

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION AND WATER SUPPLY DEPARTMENT

Policy Note 2014 - 2015

Demand No.34

Thiru. S.P. VELUMANI

Minister for Municipal Administration, Rural Development, Law, Courts and Prisons

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6. Tamil Nadu Water Supply and Drainage Board

Tamil Nadu Water Supply and Drainage Board was formed as a statutory body on 14.04.1971 with the objective of providing protected water supply to the Rural and Urban population as well as Under Ground Sewerage Schemes to the urban local bodies in Tamil Nadu excluding Chennai Corporation. Board office at Chennai is headed by the Managing Director supported by Technical, Financial and Administrative Wings. At present, the TWAD Board has four Chief Engineers with Headquarters at Vellore, Thanjavur, Coimbatore and Madurai and one Project Chief Engineer at Dharmapuri.

6.1 Activities of TWAD Board

a. Planning, Investigation, Design, Implementation and Commissioning of Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes in Rural and Urban areas.

- b. Operation and Maintenance of Combined Water Supply Schemes.
- Water Quality Monitoring and Surveillance Programme.
- d. Sustainability of Drinking Water Sources.
- e. Training Activities.

6.2 Rural Water Supply Programme

The Government of India considering that 40 lpcd has been the norm over the last 40 years, as an interim measure has enhanced the service level to 55 lpcd for the 12th Five year Plan. By 2017, it is targeted that at least 50% of Rural Population in the Country shall have access to 55 lpcd within their household premises or within 100 metres radius (and within 10 metres elevation in hilly areas) from their households.

Water Supply schemes to Rural Habitations is implemented based on surveys to assess the gap between current supply and the service standard. Rural Water Supply Schemes

are being implemented with State Government Funds under the Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) and with the Central Government Funds under the National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP).

The Rural water supply includes implementation of Individual Power Pump schemes for the prioritized Rural Habitations involving creation of water source (borewell/open well), construction of Service Reservoir and laying of pipe line for transmission and distribution. When the beneficiary is an individual local body, the scheme is handed over to the local body for maintenance on completion of the scheme and when the scheme is meant for more than one local body, the scheme is maintained by TWAD Board. Besides providing water supply schemes to rural habitations, TWAD Board is also implementing schemes to provide water supply to Government Schools, Anganwadis,

Government Hostels and Primary Health Centres in rural areas.

In Tamil Nadu, as on 01.04.2013, there are 98,179 rural habitations. Out of this, 76,704 habitations are fully covered with water supply at 40 lpcd and 21,475 habitations are partially covered, including 540 Quality affected habitations. During 2013-14, 5,705 habitations have been fully covered with water supply at 55 lpcd including 245 Quality affected habitations. Apart from this 8,414 partially covered habitations (including 295 quality affected habitations) have been taken up in the ongoing Combined Water Supply Schemes. It is proposed to cover the remaining 7,356 partially covered rural habitations in the coming years.

6.3. Rural Water Supply during 2013-14

During 2013-14, **6,000** partially covered Rural Habitations have been taken up at a cost of **₹1,190.72** Crore and 5,705 Rural

Habitations have so far been covered. The details are given below:

SI. No.	Description	Habitations covered
1	Coverage through Individual	4,391
	Power Pump Schemes	
2	Coverage of Quality Affected Habitations	245
3	Coverage through Combined Water Supply Schemes	1,069
3. 10. 7	Total	5,705

The remaining 295 Quality Affected Habitations which are proposed to be covered in Major Combined Water Supply Scheme in Nagapattinam District will be completed during the current financial year.

6.4 Rural Water Supply Programme for 2014-15

During the year 2014-15, **4,805** Rural habitations are proposed to be covered through Individual Power Pump Schemes and Combined

Water Supply Schemes at a cost of ₹831.83 Crore. The details are as below.

SI. No.	Description	No. of Habitations to be covered
1	Coverage through Individual Power Pump Schemes	1,510
2	Coverage through Combined Water Supply Schemes	3,295
4	Total	4,805

6.5 Source Sustainability

Besides implementation of water supply schemes, TWAD Board has taken measures to augment ground water sources towards source sustainability by creating recharge structures such as check dam, recharge shafts, percolation ponds etc., under the Government of India and State Government Assisted Programmes.

During 2011-12 and 2012-13, 1,628
Recharge Structures have been constructed at a cost of ₹93.42 Crore. During 2013-14, 1,039
Recharge Structures were taken up and

completed at a cost of ₹78.68 crore. During the year 2014-15, it is proposed to take up 680 Recharge Structures at an estimated cost of ₹56.14 crore.

6.6 Combined Water Supply Schemes

In order to provide sustainable and potable water supply to the public, TWAD Board formulates and implements Combined Water Supply Schemes in coastal, quality affected and needy areas by combining more than one local body and based on common source of water supply viz., Rivers, Dams and Reservoirs. Combined Water Supply Schemes are implemented by TWAD Board benefitting both urban and rural local bodies.

During 2013-14, **43 such schemes** were under implementation at an estimated cost of **₹910.62 crore** to benefit **33.60 lakh** people with financial assistance from the Minimum Needs Programme (MNP), the National Rural

Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP),
Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal
Mission (JnNURM)/ Urban Infrastructure
Development Scheme for Small and Medium
Towns (UIDSSMT).

The following 9 Combined Water Supply Schemes, have been completed at an estimated cost of ₹30.75 crore, benefiting 3.10 lakh people.

Population benefitted	7,357	11,231	1,86,347	24,232	13,756	10,068	17,445	6,210	33,693	3,10,339
Estimate amount (₹ in crore)	0.98	66.0	16.70	2.38	1.85	1.32	3.03	0.49	3.01	30.75
Name of scheme	CWSS to Melmaiyur and 12 other habitations in Kattankolathur Union of Kanchepuram District.	CWSS to Sumaithangi and 13 other habitations in Walajah Union of Vellore District.	CWSS to 79 habitations in Melpuram and Providing Treatment Plant for the 3 existing CWSS in Kanyakumari District.	CWSS to Manmangalam and 71 other habitations in Karur union of Karur District.	CWSS to Chithamur and 27 habitations in Anakkavur Union of Tiruvannamalai District.	CWSS to Korakkai & T.Endal (Quality affected habitations) and 11 Other wayside habitations in Mangalore union of Cuddalore District	CWSS to Padavedu and 46 other habitations in Polur Union of Tiruvannamalai District.	CWSS to 11 habitations in Thirupparaithurai Panchayat and one habitation in Perugamani Panchayat in Anthanallur Union of Trichy District.	CWSS to Thekkampatty and 31 other habitations in Karamadai Union of Coimbatore District.	Total
No.	1	2	m	4	2	9	7	∞	6	

Further, the following 28 CWSS at a cost of ₹ 695.49 crore to benefit a population of 27.18 lakh are in progress.

Physical progress				2013.	Seller constitue communication
Population (in Lakh)	0.43	0.73	0.37	0.59	0.86
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	4.11	5.55	9.36	4.08	8.98
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 101 rural habitations in Thoppampatti Union (under Vedasandur CWSS in Dindigul District)	CWSS to 235 habitations in Gujiliamparai, Vedasandur and Oddanchatram Unions in Dindigul District	CWSS to 93 habitations in Oddanchatram union (under Vedasandur CWSS in Dindigul District)	CWSS to 109 rural habitations in Oddanchatram Union (under Vedasandur CWSS in Dindigul District)	CWSS to 201 rural habitations in Reddiarchatram Union (under Vedasandur CWSS in Dindigul District)
SI.	2	м	4	S	9

Physical progress	Trial run. Water supply effected to 223 Habitations	0.29 97% works completed	92% works completed.	0.73 90% works completed.
Phys	Trial run effected to	97% works	92% works	90% works
Population (in Lakh)	2.58	0.29	0.95	0.73
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	9.91	6.43	61.11	16.16
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 254 Rural habitations in Vadamadurai and Vedasandur Unions Under Dindigul CWSS in Dindigul District	CWSS to 40 Habitations in Pallapalayam, Andankoil East, and Andankoil West Panchayats in Thanthoni Union of Karur District	CWSS to 306 rural habitations in Perambalur, Veppanthattai, and Alathur Unions, Arumbavur and Poolambadi Town Panchayats in Perambalur District	CWSS to Koodappalli and 129 habitations of Musiri and Manachanallur Unions in Trichy District
Si.	7	80	6	10

Physical progress	80% works completed.	85% works completed.	32% works completed.	47% works completed.	0.22 20% works completed.
Population (in Lakh)	0.69	60.0	0.30	0.48	0.22
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	17.00	0.99	9.19	17.17	6.35
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 116 Quality afftected habitations of Kumbakonam and Thiruvidaimaruthur Unions in Thanjavur District	CWSS to 6 Habitations of Keelanatham Panchayat in Tirunelveli District	CWSS to Udangudi Town Panchayat and 30 Habitations in Alwarthirunagari (Part), Thiruchendur (part), Sathankulam (part) and Udangudi (part) Unions in Thoothukudi District	CWSS to 90 Rural Habitations in Karungulam (Part), Srivaikundam (Part) and Thoothukudi (Part) Unions in Thoothukudi District	CWSS to 34 Rural Habitations in Manur union and Palayamkottai Union in Tirunelveli District
SI.	11	12	13	14	15

Physical progress	20% works completed.	1.56 15% works completed.	1.55 15% works completed.	1.25 15% works completed.
Population (in Lakh)	1.13	1.56	1.55	1.25
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	32.40	31.32	46.55	94.04
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 170 Rural Habitations in Manur union (Part) and Palayamkottai Union(Part) in Tirunelveli District	Augmentation of Water supply to 147 Rural Habitations of Alangulam-Sankarankoil CWSS in Tirunelveli District	CWSS to Keelapavoor Town Panchayat (Part) and 163 Rural Habitations in Pappakudi (Part), Kadayam and Keelapavoor Unions in Tirunelveli District	Providing Combined Water Supply Scheme to 248 rural habitations in Kovilpatti (Part), Kayathar (Part), Ottapidaram (part), Vilathikulam (part) and Pudur (Part) unions in Thoothukudi District
SI.	16	17	18	19

Physical progress	5% works completed.	15% works completed.	10% works completed.	15% works completed.	5% works completed.
Population (in Lakh)	3.95	0.29	0.47	0.63	1.14
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	91.40	14.94	11.30	27.57	48.67
Name of Scheme	CWSS to Vellakoil, Kangayem Municipalities and 528 Rural habitations in Erode and Tiruppur Districts.	CWSS to 130 habitations in Perundural and Chennimalal Unions in Erode District.	CWSS to 93 Habitations in Erode Union in Erode District	CWSS to Uthukuli Town Panchayat and 238 rural habitations in Uthukuli union in Tiruppur District	CWSS to 212 Rural Habitations in Andhanallur, Manikandam and Manapparai Unions with river Cauvery as source in Trichy District
SI. No	20	21	22	23	24

Physical progress	5% works completed.	2% works completed.	Tender stage for replacing old pipes with new pipes.	8% works completed.	1
Population (in Lakh)	0.91 5%	0.06	1.09 Ter	0.26 8%	27.18
Estimate Amount (₹ in Crore)	46.45	9.47	26.06	0.92	695.49
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 327 Rural Habitations in Edapadi, Konganapuram and Magudanchavadi Unions of Salem District	Improving the existing CWSS to 43 and 45 habitations with River Tamirabarani as source to enhance the water supply to the existing beneficiaries and to provide water supply to 1196 Tsunami houses in Mappillai yoorani Panchayat in Thoothukudi District	CWSS to 281 rural habitations of Jeyankondam Union in Ariyalur District	CWSS to 23 Habitations of Painkulam Panchayat in Kanyakumari District.	Total
SI.	25	26	27	28	

The following 6 Combined Water Supply Schemes to benefit a

population of 3.32 lakh at a total cost of ₹184.37 crore are under Tender

Stage.

Si.	Name of Scheme	District	Estimate amount (₹ in crore)	Population (in lakh)
1.	CWSS to Zamin Uthukuli Coimbatore Town Panchayat and 63 Rural Habitations	Coimbatore	15.47,	0.41
2.	CWSS to 158 Rural Habitations in Gudimangalam and Udumalaipettai Unions	Tiruppur	54.14	1.23
m ·	CWSS to Mulligur and 54 rural habitations in Mulligur, Italar and Nanjanadu Village Panchayats in Udhagamandalam union	The Nilgiris	25.85	0.20
4.	CWSS to Athangaraipatty and 14 Habitations in Kadamalaikundu - Myiladumparai Unions	Theni	2.65	0.81

Population (in lakh)	0.60	0.07	3.32
Estimate amount (₹ in crore)	18.16	68.10	184.37
District	Cuddalore	Tirunelveli	The propagation
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 60 quality affected Cuddalore and 59 wayside habitations in Kattumannarkoil Union and Lalpettai Town	Panchayat CWSS to Koodankulam and 12 other VPs (100 Habitations) of Radhapuram and Valliyoor Unions situated around Koodankulam Nuclear Power Plant	Total
Si.	5.	9	

6.7 Major Combined Water Supply Schemes

The following 14 Major Combined Water Supply Schemes at a total cost of ₹4,890.32 Crore are taken up for implementation to benefit a total population of 118.85 lakh and programmed to complete the schemes during 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17.

	Name of Scheme	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Estimate Cost Population (in (₹ in crore)	Physical progress in Per centage
S	Schemes to be completed during 2014-15	4-15		
DHTA	Combined Water Supply Scheme to Melur and 2 Other Municipalities, 6 Town Panchayats and 1,430 Rural Habitations in 8 Unions of Madurai District and Singampunari Town Panchayat in Sivagangai District	784.00 6	15.92	88

SI.	Name of Scheme	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Population (in Lakh)	Physical progress in Per centage
7	Augmentation of Water Supply to Palladam Municipality, 23 Town Panchayats and 965 Rural Habitations in 8 Unions of Coimbatore and Thiruppur Districts	224.92	12.29	81
m	Combined Water Supply Scheme to 7 Town Panchayats and 395 Rural Habitations in Virudhunagar District.	173.00	4.82	88
4	Combined Water Supply Scheme to 755 Rural Habitations in Virudhunagar District	234.00	6.51	33
2	Combined Water Supply Scheme to 637 Rural Habitations in Virudhunagar District	190.00	4.24	88
9	Combined Water Supply Scheme to 295 Quality affected Habitations and 315 wayside habitations in Sirkali, Kollidam, Sembanarkoil and Mayiladuthurai Unions in Nagapattinam District	105.70	3.70	26

No Si.	Name of Scheme	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Population (in Lakh)	Physical progress in Per centage
7	Combined Water Supply Scheme to Attur & Narasingapuram Municipalities, 20 Town Panchayats and 1,345 Rural Habitations in 12 Unions of Salem District.	270.00	13.09	96
œ	Combined Water Supply Scheme to Vellore Corporation, 11 Municipalities, 5 Town Panchayats and 944 Wayside Rural Habitations of Vellore District.	1,295.00	24.46	81
	Sub Total-I	3276,62	85.03	
	Schemes to be completed during 2015-16	100	日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日	
6	CWSS to Cuddalore Municipality, Bhuvanagiri and Parangipettai Town Panchayats and 812 Rural Habitations in Cuddalore District	260.54	7.75	13

Physical progress in Per centage	18	15	S	Market Co.
Population (in Lakh)	7.63	6.65	7.00	29.03
Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	315.70	301.50	495.70	1373.44
Name of Scheme	CWSS to 1,751 Rural Habitations in Gandarvakottai, Pudukottai (Part), Viralimalai (Part), Kunnandarkoil (Part), Annavasal (Part), Aranthangi, Thiruvarankulam, Karambakudi Unions in Pudukottai District and Vallam Town Panchayat in Thanjavur District	CWSS to 1,766 Rural Habitations in Pudukottai (Part), Viralimalai (Part), Kunnandarkoil (Part), Annavasal (Part), Ponnamaravathi, Thirumayam and Arimalam Unions in Pudukottai District and 125 habitations in S.Pudur and Sakkottai Unions of Sivagangai District.	CWSS to 1153 Rural Habitations in 9 unions and to Peravurani, Adhirama pattinam and Perumagalur Town Panchayats in Thanjavur District	Sub Total-II
SI.	10	1 100 0	12	

Si.	Name of Scheme	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Population (in Lakh)	Physical progress in Per centage
	Schemes to be completed during 2016-17	16-17		4184
113	CWSS to Thondamuthur, Pooluvapatty, Thenkarai, Vedapatti, Dhaliyur, Alandurai and Perur Town Panchayats and 134 rual habitations in Thondamuthur union of Coimbatore District	130.46	1.83	Tender stage
14	CWSS to Azhagiyapandipuram, 8 Town Panchayats, 246 habitations in Kanyakumari District	109.80	2.96	Tender stage
18	Sub Total-III	240.26	4.79	191
	Grand Total	4890.32	118.85	

6.8 Revamping of Combined Water Supply Schemes

Revamping works are taken up in the age-old Combined Water Supply Schemes maintained by TWAD Board in which a reduction in yield of sources or a decrease in the efficiency of pumpsets and damages in pipe lines, valves due to road widening, etc. are encountered. These revamping works are carried out to make the CWSS fully functional and to enhance the supply to the designed level to the beneficiaries. During 2013-14, 627 revamping works have been taken up under MNP/NRDWP Assistance at a cost of ₹48.41crore and completed.

The category wise works completed are as below.

SI. No.	Category	No. of works	Estimate cost (₹ in crore)
1	Source Improvement	20	2.63
2	Booster Pumping Stations	14	1.11
3	Sumps	16	1.66
4	Replacement of aged Pumpsets	105	5.30
5	Valves	73	3.26
6	Replacement of dilapidated Over Head Tanks	5	0.26
7	Replacement of Pipelines damaged due to road widening	287	24.54
8	Providing Separate Power Feeder Mains/4 th Wire	24	6.46
9	Providing Surge Protection System	2	0.05
10	Providing Water Meter	81	3.14
Scill	Total	627	48.41

During 2014-15, **690 revamping works** will be taken up under MNP / NRDWP Assistance at a **cost of ₹133.85 crore.**

6.9 Special Programmes

Provision of safe drinking water to Government Schools, Anganwadis, Government

Hostels and Primary Health Centres is the avowed policy of the Government. The achievement under this programme during 2013-14 is as mentioned below:

- Water supply to 6,275 Anganwadis.
- Water Supply to 138 Government Schools in Rural Areas
- Water supply to 26 Government Hostels in Rura! Areas.
- Water supply to 5 Primary Health Centres in Rural Areas.

Further under the Special Programme in the year 2014-15, it has been proposed to provide Water Supply to all the remaining uncovered Anganwadis, Government Schools and Primary Health Centres in Rural areas as follows.

- 578 Anganwadis
- 272 Government Schools in Rural Areas
- 13 Primary Health Centres in Rural Areas.

6.10 Water Quality Surveillance and Monitoring

In order to achieve the objective of ensuring safe water supply to the public, TWAD Board has established one State level, 31 District level and 51 sub division level laboratories. These laboratories have facilities for testing all the basic chemical and bacteriological water quality parameters and for effective surveillance and monitoring of water supply sources in both Rural and Urban areas. It is pertinent to note that the State Level Laboratory is graded as an ISO 9001: 2008 certified Laboratory. This laboratory has been recognized as State Referral Institute for Tamil Nadu by the Government of India.

During the year 2013-14, 2.46 lakh rural drinking water samples have been tested in the laboratories. 12,524 Field water testing kits were supplied to the Panchayats. Further the State and District level laboratories were also

upgraded and 15,000 grass root level workers were trained. ₹13.47 Crore was incurred under the NRDWP for the above activities.

During 2014-15, it is proposed to test 2.46 lakh rural drinking water samples, upgradation of State & District level laboratories, supply of 12,524 Field water testing kits to panchayats (one kit per panchayat), supply of 4000 Field water testing kits to schools and 5000 Field water testing kits to Drinking Water Safety Week Campaign and impart training to 15,000 grass root level workers at a cost of ₹17.50 Crore under NRDWP.

6.11 Drinking water Safety Week Campaign

Considering the safety of ensuring the quality of drinking water, the Govt of TamilNadu have ordered for a week long campaign on water quality vide G.O.(D)

No.577 M.A.&W.S. (WS 2) Department, dated 21.11.2013. The Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu has inaugurated the National Rural Drinking Water Awareness Week campaign in Tamil Nadu on 19.02.2014.

Under this programme nearly 5.26 lakh samples in 11 Corporations, 124 Municipalities, 528 Town Panchayats & 12,524 panchayats (98,179 rural habitations) have been tested during February 2014 and quality mapping was done. Since this campaign has created a mass awareness among public on drinking water quality, this campaign will be conducted every year during pre and post monsoon period.

6.12 Urban Water Supply Programme

The Urban water supply include implementation of stand-alone water supply scheme to the urban local bodies involving creation of water source, construction of Service Reservoirs, laying of pipe line for

transmission and distribution according to the population. The maintenance of the urban water supply scheme is decided depending upon the number of beneficiary local bodies.

6.12.1 Urban stand alone Water Supply Improvement Schemes under Implementation

In the year 2013-2014, Water Supply Schemes Improvement were under implementation in 52 Urban local bodies covering 21 Municipalities and 31 Town Panchayats, to benefit a population of 18.65 lakh, at a total cost of ₹669.78 crore. Out of which, the following Water Supply Improvement Schemes (WSIS) benefiting a population of 3.86 lakh in 11 Towns (3 Municipalities and 8 Town Panchayats) at an estimated cost of ₹90.01 crore have been completed.

SI. No	Name of Town	District	Estimate cost	Population
I.	Municipalitie	S		
1.	Tiruvanna malai	Tiruvanna malai	3,666.00	1,49,500
2.	Devakkottai	Sivagangai	832.00	40,497
3.	Kadayanallur	Tirunelveli	2,141.00	75,612
II.	Town Pancha	yats	TELETE	
4	Aappakudal	Erode	70.00	10,610
5	Uppiliya puram	Trichy	24.90	7,705
6	Mettu palayam	Trichy	16.18	7,550
7	Vettaikaran pudur	Coimbatore	54.55	17,392
8	Melachokka nathapuram	Theni	636.00	11,669
9	Anthiyur	Erode	324.00	21,086
10	Thiruchendur	Tuticorin	1,192.00	32,200
11	Avalpoon thurai	Erode	44.70	11,700
	Total		9,001.33	3,85,521

The status of the **35 Urban** Stand alone Water Supply Improvement Schemes to benefit a population of **13.48 lakh** at a cost of **₹447.33 crore** is as below:

No Si	Name of Town	Est. Cost (₹ In Crore)	Population (in Lakh)	Physical progress in percentage
	Municipalities		STORY OF STREET	Tel
	Mettur	12.472	0.528	85
	Pallipalayam	11.660	0.421	85
	Coonoor	13.850	0.541	85
	Edappady	18.520	0.602	85
	Palani	21.600	0.795	20
	Thanthoni	25.160	0.620	65
	Karur	24.670	0.849	65
	Chidambaram	7.170	0.621	72
1	Udhagamandalam	27.200	1.040	950
10	Cumbum	18.800	0.681	15
11	Kovilpatti	81.820	0.950	9
12	Inam Karur	18.570	0.820	20
13	Anaiyur	7.880	0.383	06
14	Theni-Allinagaram	68.830	0.994	5

SI.	Name of Town	Est. Cost (₹ In Crore)	Population (in Lakh)	Physical progress in percentage
11.	Town Panchayats			
	Nandhivaram- Guduvancheri	2.800	0,441	100
16	Periyanegamam	8.830	0.071	83
17	Odayakulam	0.963	0.134	87
18	Suleeswaranpatti	7.600	0.201	76
1	Pathamadai	0.900	0.166	25
	Mondaikadu	0.284	0.133	06
14	Alanganallur	0.730	0.123	15
1	Palamedu	0.930	0.105	10
1	Jagathala	1.641	0.144	09
	Pandamangalam	0.893	0.072	35
	Kunnathur	0.348	0.087	30
	Nambiyur	2.415	0.164	75
	Ayyampettai	7.090	0.163	30
28	Karamadai	11.470	0.352	42

Physical progress in percentage	25	2	55	50	45	15	30	
Population (in Lakh)	0.226	0.250	0.153	0.151	0.266	0.137	0.097	13.481
Est. Cost (₹ In Crore)	5.530	2.530	10.980	11.340	1.410	8.080	2.360	447.326
Name of Town	Sholavandan	P.Velur	Dharasuram	hirunageswaram	Kottur	Thiruporur	Ammapettai	Total
Si.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	

The following 6 Water Supply Improvement Schemes to benefit a population of 2.58 lakh, at a total cost of ₹132.43 crore are under tender stage.

SI. No	Name of town	District	Estimate cost (₹ in crore)	Population
i.	Municipalities			
1	Tindivanam	Villupuram	52.45	72,796
2	Arani	Thiruvannamalai	36.26	63,628
3	Thiruvathipuram	Thiruvannamalai	13.44	37,802
4	Periakulam	Theni	15.53	42,976
11.	Town Panchayats			
5	Kothagiri	Nilgiris	10.60	28,207
9	Karunkuzhi	Kancheepuram	4.15	12,485
69	Total		132.43	2,57,894

6.13 Hogenakkal Water Supply and Fluorosis Mitigation Project

6.13.1 Water Supply Component

Successful Completion of the Hogenakkal Water Supply and Fluorosis Mitigation Project is a major achievement and a boon to the People living in the fluoride affected areas of Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri Districts. This project is meant to cover 3 Municipalities, Panchayats and 6,755 Rural 17 Town habitations in 18 Panchayat Unions in both the Districts to benefit a population of 33.87 Lakh (Census-2011) at an estimated cost of **₹1,928.80 Crore.** Subsequently, 961 new rural habitations were added to this Project and the total rural beneficiary will be 7716 habitations.

This project has been inaugurated by Hon'ble Chief Minister on 29.5.2013. Presently water supply has been given to 3 Municipalities,

16 Town Panchayats and 6008 Rural habitations benefiting a population of 29.50 lakhs. Water supply to 43 habitations with River Cauvery as source and the inaccessible 29 habitations located in deep reserve forest area with local sources, totalling 72 habitations have been already covered. On an average, 106 Million litres of water per day is being supplied under this project. Water supply to 42 habitations in Uthangarai Union near Samalpatti Railway crossing will be supplied shortly. Water supply to 122 habitations in Uthangarai & Mathur Unions, affected due to pipe laying works under Vellore CWSS and 131 habitations in Thally & Kelamangalam forest areas affected due to Forest permission to provide power supply connections, will be supplied by August 2014.

Water supply to 869 habitations in Bargur Union and Bargur town Panchayat which is delayed due to widening of National Highway, 96 habitations in Sitheri and Sittling hill areas of Pappireddypatti and Harur Union respectively in Dharmapuri District as well as the 376 new habitations taken up will be supplied by September 2014.

6.13.2 Fluorosis Mitigation Component

Fluorosis Mitigation Component is implemented on comprehensive three-pronged i.e., Hospitals, Schools and Community based approaches in coordination with Medical and Education Departments along with the District Administration to assess the level of incidence of Dental, Skeletal and Non-Skeletal fluorosis among the public in both Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri districts and to undertake mitigation measures through awareness and life style modification, nutritional supplementation and medical treatment.

All Government Doctors in both the Districts were trained to diagnose the fluorosis

among the patients and to prescribe preventive measures. School teachers were also trained. The prevalence of dental fluorosis among 4,24,047 students have been assessed and it was identified that 3% were severe and 10% were moderate.

100% household health survey on 6,54,551 households covering the present population of 30 lakh in both Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri districts was completed by engaging the Village Health Nurses and Village Voluntary members from NGOs. Analysis and assessment of health status regarding the prevalence of fluorosis shows that of the total population, 1.7% are affected by severe Dental Fluorosis, 5% affected by Moderate Dental Fluorosis, 0.9% affected by Skeletal Fluorosis and 1.5% affected by Non-Skeletal Fluorosis.

Micro nutrients tablets of 106 lakh numbers procured at a cost of ₹11.52 lakhs

were supplied to the Public Health Centres and now distributed to the Fluorosis affected persons. 4 Ion meters with two electrodes and chemicals have been distributed for the 4 Government Hospitals in Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri Districts at a cost of ₹32.50 lakh.

In the next phase, Medical intervention through corrective surgery for dental and skeletal Fluorosis case has been planned on all possible cases.

6.14 Operation and Maintenance of CWSS

The CWSS covering more than one local body are being maintained by TWAD Board as per G.O. (Ms) No.84, Municipal Administration and Water Supply Department, dated 10.03.1994. At present, 554 Combined Water Supply Schemes covering 7 Corporations, 53 Municipalities, 292 Town Panchayats, 33,338 Rural habitations and 586 Industries/Institutions, benefiting a population

of 3.22 crore are maintained by the TWAD Board.

At present, 1,494 MLD of water is supplied through the above 554 Combined Water Supply Schemes. The expenditure for the Operation & Maintenance during the year 2013-14 is ₹317.41 crore. The Revenue collected through water charges is ₹197.51 crore.

6.15 Part -II Schemes

6.15.1 Providing SCADA System for CWSS under Maintenance by TWAD Board

The Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition system (SCADA) is used to monitor and control the entire water works system consisting of pumping stations, treatment plants, control devices like valves and various other flow/ pressure monitoring and regulating facilities.

SCADA systems have been provided in 19 CWSS maintained by TWAD Board. Further one SCADA system taken up during 2013-14 for the CWSS to Nanguneri, Thisayanvilai and 344 Habitations in Tirunelveli District is under progress.

6.15.2 Construction of office building at Tirunelveli

Construction of office building at Tirunelveli has been sanctioned for ₹300.00 lakhs under Part-II scheme for the year 2013-14. The work is under progress and will be completed before the end of December 2014.

6.16 Investigation and Preparation of Detailed Project Reports for Water Supply Schemes

TWAD Board has prepared Detailed Project Reports for **45 Water Supply Schemes** during 2013-14 at a cost of ₹5053.29 Crore benefiting a total population of

Water Supply Schemes, covering 3
Municipalities, 28 Town Panchayats and
5,121 Rural Habitations, to benefit a
population of 25.62 Lakh were sanctioned at a
total cost of ₹1,715.35 Crore. Balance 26
schemes covering 3 Municipalities, 42 Town
Panchayats and 6968 Rural habitations to
benefit a population of 42.88 lakh at an
estimated cost of ₹3,337.94 crore, are in
various stages of sanction.

In addition to the above, DPR for 10 water Supply Schemes to cover one Corporation, 11 Municipalities, 29 Town Panchayats and 5,682 Rural habitations to benefit a population of 52.88 lakh are under preparation.

6.16.1 Desalination Plant

As announced by the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu in the Assembly during 2013-14 to install Desalination Plant of 100 MLD capacity each in Ramanathapuram and Thoothukudi Districts, Consultant has been fixed to conduct planning study and preparation of feasibility report and the study is in progress. Tentative cost of these projects is ₹3,500.00 Crore and the population to be benefitted is 24.03 Lakh.

6.17 Under Ground Sewerage Schemes

TWAD Board is implementing Under Ground Sewerage Schemes in selected District Head quarters and other than District Head quarter towns.

In line with the objective of the Tamil Nadu Government to provide Under Ground Sewerage Scheme to all the Urban local bodies, TWAD Board has prepared 636 **Detailed**Project Reports at an estimated cost of ₹20,820.00 Crore to provide UGSS to 3

Corporations, 117 Municipalities and 516 Town panchayats.

6.17.1 UGSS for Municipalities

During 2013-14, Under Ground Sewerage Schemes for 13 Municipalities to benefit a population of 7.63 lakh have been sanctioned at a total Cost of ₹965.05 Crore. The details are as follows.

SI No.	Name of Municipality	UGSS DPR Cost (₹ in crore)	Population	Present stage	
1	Arakkonam	95.52	82,600	Section of the sectio	
2	Thirupathur	104.01	84,437	Tender	
3	Chidambaram	75.62	65,600		
4	Periyakulam	26.61	44,950	stage	
5	Sattur	37.66	32,575		
6	Mettur	73.09	55,200		
7	Bodinaickanur	71.10	78,100		
8	Jolarpet	79.00	30,600	AL SIE	
9	Rameswaram	41.35	48,120		
10	Sathiya mangalam	54.26	39,000	Under Proof	
11	Karaikudi	111.41	1,10,030	checking	
12	Kodaikkanal	140.00	39,000	N. P. S.	
13	Rasipuram	55.42	52,500	1.000	
	Total	965.05	7,62,712		

6.17.2 UGSS for Town Panchayats

During 2013-14, Detailed Project Report for providing UGSS to 28 Town Panchayats benefiting a population of 5.26 lakh, have been sanctioned at a total Cost of ₹811.69 Crore. Detailed Project Reports are under Proof Checking stage. Septage Management for smaller towns is also under consideration.

6.18 Status of the Underground Sewerage Schemes under implementation by TWAD Board

- Underground Sewerage Schemes to Ramanathapuram, Thiruvannamalai, Dharmapuri, and Perambalur Municipalities to benefit a population of 2,94,744 at an estimated cost of ₹123.83 Crore are completed.
- 19 Underground Sewerage Schemes to benefit a population of 15.63 lakh at an estimated cost of ₹786.71 Crore are under various stages of progress as shown below.

SI. No.	Name of UGSS	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Popu lation bene fitted (in lakh)	Percentage of achievement	
				Collec tion System (CS)	Sewage Treat ment Plant (STP)
1	Cuddalore Municipality	65.14	1.59	99	99
2	Pudukottai Municipality	48.16	1.14	100	85
3	Sivagangai Municipality	23.40	0.40	95	Stay order by NGT
4	Virudhunagar Municipality	27.85	0.72	96	99
5	Thiruvarur Municipality	53.07	0.56	100	99
6	Thoothukudi Corporation	95.00	2.89	97	PPP Mode by Corpo ration
7	Nagapattinam Municipality	79.31	0.93	98	STP-I - 74 STP-II - 53
8	Krishnagiri Municipality	37.32	0.65	95	89
9	Theni Municipality	42.09	0.85	92	100
10	Thiruvallur Municipality	54.79	0.46	93	10
11	Villupuram Municipality	49.36	1.16	100	STP-I - 99 STP-II - 99
12	Ariyalur Municipality	27.50	0.28	79	60
13	Mamalla puram Town Panchayat	6.08	0.12	100	93

SI. No.	Name of UGSS	Estimate Cost (₹ in crore)	Popu lation bene fitted (in lakh)	Percentage of achievement	
				Collec tion System (CS)	Sewage Treat ment Plant (STP)
14	Thiruchendur Town Panchayat	14.48	0.29	85	65
15	Nagercoil Municipality	76.04	2.79	19	Stay order by NGT
16	Orathanadu Town Panchayat	18.25	0.10	65	Works commen ced
17	Udumalpet Municipality	56.07	0.60	25	2
18	Ariyalur Municipality (Ommited areas)	3.30	0.03	15	
19	Perambalur Municipality (Ommited areas)	9.50	0.07	20	
	Total	786.71	15.63		

6.19 Hydrogeological Activities

Scientific Source Finding Activities are carried out for identification of sources for providing Water Supply to the various schemes taken up and implemented by TWAD Board. The State of Art of Technology – Remote

Sensing and GIS (Geographical Information Systems) are extensively utilized in Scientific Source Finding Activities and identification of suitable locations for Recharge Structures to be taken up under Sustainability Component.

The Project on Ground Water Prospect Maps sanctioned by the Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Government of India has been taken up as District-wise ATLAS for Tamil Nadu and completed. Further, the District wise Groundwater Quality Maps are under preparation and will be completed during the year 2014-15. The HGM Maps have been sent to the field officers and also District Collectorate for source creation and for identification of Recharge Structures. The Feed-back of usage of HGM Maps is encouraging.

6.20 Management Information System

The Tamil Nadu Water Supply and Drainage Board has implemented TWAD Board

integrated E-Governance System (TWADNEST) to manage data flow relating to all the schemes, Project Management, Financial Accounting, Human Resource, etc. Online information is provided for physical and financial progress and performance of all water supply and sewerage, maintenance schemes, recharge structures, etc. The daily pumping quantity, from the head works of various water supply schemes maintained by TWAD Board is also uploaded and monitored online.

Online e-tendering is being implemented in TWAD Board. CAD Software for the design of water distribution network and sewer network design analysis, Structural Analysis etc. are used for the purpose of optimum planning and design.

The TWADNEST is enhanced from time to time based on the current requirement of the Board. Further, the hardware required is also well maintained and upgraded. This makes better co-ordination and effective monitoring of all the activities of the TWAD Board.

Online scheme progress monitoring and reporting through Mobile Phone (android) based web driven server based application is under implementation. Also an exclusive web based Water Quality sample data collection and test result entry application is launched for continuous monitoring of Water Quality for all Water Supply Scheme implemented by TWAD Board.

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